

FY12/2023 Financial Results and FY12/2024 Forecast



Notes

- "Net income attributable to owners of parent" is expressed as "net income."
- From FY12/2023, segments have been rearranged and names have been changed as follows:
 - **Construction Business**

Transferred from Housing and Construction segment to Overseas Housing and Real Estate segment

Housing and Construction segment →

Changed to Housing segment

Overseas Housing and Real Estate segment →

Changed to Global Housing, Construction and Real Estate segment

- From 12/2024, segment names have been changed as follows:
 - Global Housing, Construction and Real Estate segment →

Changed to Global Construction and Real Estate segment

 The reclassification's impact on business performance is minor. The full-year financial results for FY12/2023 were compared to the previous year's results using the new segment classifications.

1. Statements of Income

Sales increased partly due to the impact of yen depreciation, while a fall in unit selling price in the US
single family homes business led to a decline in profit margin, and income declined as a result of a
decrease in the number of properties sold in the US real estate development business and other factors.

(billion yen)

| (Consolidated) | FY12/22 | FY12/23 | Change | Pct. | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|---------|--------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Net Sales | 1,669.7 | 1,733.2 | +63.5 | +3.8% | | | | |
| Gross Profit | 393.0 | 408.8 | + 15.9 | +4.0% | | | | |
| SG&A Expenses | 234.7 | 262.1 | +27.4 | +11.7% | | | | |
| Operating Income | 158.3 | 146.8 | -11.5 | -7.3% | | | | |
| Recurring Income | 195.0 | 159.4 | -35.6 | -18.2% | | | | |
| Net Income | 108.7 | 102.5 | -6.2 | -5.7% | | | | |
| *Without actuarial di | *Without actuarial differences | | | | | | | |
| SG&A Expenses | 242.7 | 267.1 | +24.4 | +10.1% | | | | |

| SG&A Expenses | 242.7 | 267.1 | +24.4 | +10.1% |
|------------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Recurring Income | 187.0 | 154.4 | -32.6 | -17.4% |

Conversion rate (average during term

| | FY12/22 | FY12/23 |
|---------|---------|---------|
| USD/JPY | 131.52 | 140.57 |
| AUD/JPY | 91.11 | 93.27 |

^{*&}quot;Net income attributable to shareholders of parent" is expressed as "Net income."

2. Segment Sales and Recurring Income

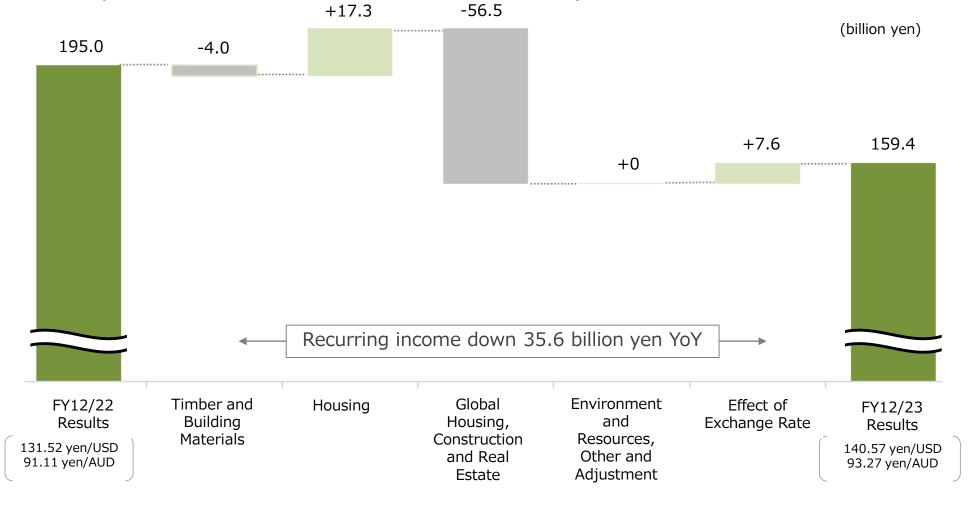
- Timber and Building Materials: Sluggish sales volume against the backdrop of a decline in the number of new housing starts in Japan, as well as a drop in selling prices, among other factors, resulted in a decline in both sales and income.
- Housing: Increase in unit selling price due to price revisions and cost reductions due to falling timber prices led to increases in both sales and income.
- Global Housing, Construction and Real Estate: While sales increased due to an increase in sales in Australia and continued yen depreciation, income fell as a result of lower profit margins caused by a decrease in the unit selling price in the US single family homes business, alongside a decline in properties sold in the US real estate development business.
- Environment and Resources: Sales increased due to an increase in exports in the overseas forestry business, while income declined due to soaring fuel prices in the biomass power generation business.

| (5 1111) | Net Sales | | | | Recurring Income | | | |
|--|-----------|----------|--------|--------|------------------|----------|--------|---------|
| (Consolidated) | FY12/22 | FY12/ 23 | Change | Pct. | FY12/22 | FY12/ 23 | Change | Pct. |
| Timber and Building Materials | 273.7 | 236.1 | -37.6 | -13.7% | 14.9 | 11.2 | -3.7 | -24.8% |
| Housing | 508.7 | 534.0 | +25.3 | +5.0% | 15.4 | 32.8 | +17.3 | +112.3% |
| Global Housing, Construction and Real Estate | 873.5 | 948.1 | +74.5 | +8.5% | 161.8 | 112.5 | -49.2 | -30.4% |
| Environment and Resources | 21.9 | 24.8 | +3.0 | +13.6% | 1.4 | 0.6 | -0.8 | -59.4% |
| Other | 24.6 | 26.0 | +1.5 | +6.0% | 1.9 | 2.2 | +0.3 | +13.2% |
| Adjustment | -32.7 | -35.9 | -3.2 | - | -0.4 | 0.2 | +0.6 | - |
| Total | 1,669.7 | 1,733.2 | +63.5 | +3.8% | 195.0 | 159.4 | -35.6 | -18.2% |

3. Change in Recurring income (vs. Previous Fiscal Year)

• Overall recurring income decreased by 35.6 billion yen year-on-year, primarily due to the profit decline in the Global Housing, Construction and Real Estate segment.

Yen depreciation had an impact of +7.6 billion yen.



^{*}The impact of fluctuations in foreign exchange rates is primarily related to the Global Housing, Construction and Real Estate segment.

4. Domestic Housing Business Orders Received and Sales

- Although unit selling price increased year-on-year, market stagnation due to soaring prices and the outlook for higher interest rates contributed to a decline in the number of units, so orders received for custom-built detached houses decreased on a monetary basis.
- Sales and gross profit margin improved year on year due to the effect of price revisions and falling material costs.

| (bil | lion | yer |
|------|------|-----|
| | | |

| Orders received | | | received | | Sales | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|----------|--------|--------------------|---------|---------|--------|---------|
| | | FY12/22 | FY12/23 | Change | Pct. | FY12/22 | FY12/23 | Change | Pct. |
| S | Custom-built detached houses *1 | 352.6 | 345.8 | -6.9 | -1.9% | 357.9 | 373.5 | + 15.7 | +4.4% |
| Contract business | (Units) | (8,031) | (7,318) | (-713) | (-8.9%) | (8,300) | (8,275) | (-25) | (-0.3%) |
| Contract | (Unit price(mil. yen)) *2 | (39.5) | (42.5) | (+3.0) | (+7.6%) | (41.5) | (43.8) | (+2.3) | (+5.6%) |
| | Apartments | 16.3 | 16.8 | +0.5 | +3.0% | 14.6 | 15.6 | +1.0 | +7.2% |
| Other | Detached spec home | | | | | 18.9 | 19.7 | +0.8 | +4.0% |
| ₹ | Other *3 | | | | | 3.3 | 3.0 | -0.3 | -8.8% |
| | | | | | Net Sales Total | 394.6 | 411.8 | +17.2 | +4.4% |
| | | | | | Profit Ratio | 19.2% | 23.4% | +4.2pt | |
| | | | | | Gross Profit | 75.8 | 96.3 | +20.5 | +27.0% |

^{*1.} Custom-built detached houses sales amount includes land for custom-built housing and interior products, etc.

^{*2.} Unit price for orders received was calculated from orders received at the time of contract signing for units ordered in the current period. Orders received for additional construction were not included.

^{*3.} Other sales amount includes commission sales from insurance agency business, etc.

5. Global Housing, Construction and Real Estate Segment Sales and Recurring Income

- U.S.: Sales increased due to continued yen depreciation. Profits declined due to a decrease in the number of real estate development properties sold and a fall in unit selling prices in the single family homes business.
- Australia: With improvements in the trend of long construction periods, the number of units sold and profit margin increased.

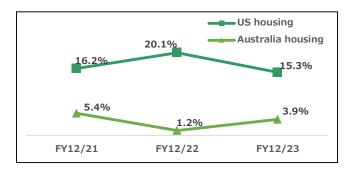
(billion yen)

| | Net Sales | | | | | Recurring | J Income | | |
|-----------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|--------|--------|-----------|----------|--------|---------|
| | | FY12/22 | FY12/23 | Change | Pct. | FY12/22 | FY12/23 | Change | Pct. |
| U.S. | US housing companies | 683.9 | 691.3 | +7.4 | +1.1% | 137.5 | 105.9 | -31.7 | -23.0% |
| 0.5. | US real estate companies | 48.5 | 59.2 | +10.8 | +22.2% | 23.5 | 2.0 | -21.5 | -91.5% |
| Australia | Australia housing companies | 97.2 | 141.5 | +44.2 | +45.5% | 1.2 | 5.5 | +4.4 | +382.0% |
| | using and real estate | 0.9 | 0.9 | +0.0 | +4.0% | 2.0 | 0.5 | -1.5 | -74.6% |
| | er, consolidated ustments, etc. | 43.0 | 55.2 | +12.1 | +28.1% | -2.4 | - 1 . 4 | +1.0 | - |
| | Total | 873.5 | 948.1 | +74.5 | +8.5% | 161.8 | 112.5 | -49.2 | -30.4% |

Conversion rate (average during term)

| | FY12/22 | FY12/23 |
|---------|---------|---------|
| USD/JPY | 131.52 | 140.57 |
| AUD/JPY | 91.11 | 93.27 |

■ Overseas housing companies: Changes in recurring income ratio



6. Global Single Family Homes Business and Construction Business

- U.S.: Although current mortgage rates are still at a high level, demand has remained resilient and orders are on a recovery trend. On the other hand, unit selling price has fallen on a local currency basis. The order backlog has been maintained at a level exceeding that at the beginning of FY12/22.
- Australia: Orders decreased year on year due to rising mortgage rates and persistently high housing prices in the major areas. Unit selling price and the number of units sold both increased year on year due to price pass-through of the increases in material and labor costs, as well as an improvement in construction period.

<U.S.> (units, billion yen)

| | FY12/22 | FY12/23 | Change | Pct. |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| Number of units ordered | 6,056 | 10,334 | +4,278 | +70.6% |
| Number of units sold | 10,244 | 10,221 | -23 | -0.2% |
| Sales (billion yen) | 683.9 | 691.3 | +7.4 | +1.1% |
| (million USD) | 5,200 | 4,918 | -282 | -5.4% |
| Unit selling price (million yen) | 66.8 | 67.6 | +0.9 | +1.3% |
| (thousand USD) | 508 | 481 | -26 | -5.2% |

(units, lots)

| Order backlog | 2,899 | 3,339 | +440 | +15.2% |
|-----------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Lots owned | 41,775 | 46,789 | · | +12.0% |
| (completed inventory) | 1,206 | 1,572 | | +30.3% |
| Option lots | 28,106 | 24,153 | -3,953 | -14.1% |

<Australia>

(units, billion yen)

| | FY12/22 | FY12/23 | Change | Pct. |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| Number of units ordered | 3,106 | 2,935 | -171 | -5.5% |
| Number of units sold | 2,787 | 3,402 | +615 | +22.1% |
| Sales (billion yen) | 97.2 | 141.5 | +44.2 | +45.5% |
| (milion AUD) | 1,067 | 1,517 | +449 | +42.1% |
| Unit selling price (million yen) | 34.9 | 41.6 | +6.7 | +19.2% |
| (thousand AUD) | 383 | 446 | +63 | +16.4% |

<Construction business>

| | FY12/22 | FY12/23 | Change | Pct. |
|-----------------|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| Orders received | 4.5 | 6.6 | +2.1 | +47.3% |
| Sales | 4.2 | 5.3 | +1.1 | +26.0% |

7. US Single Family Homes Business – Trends in Orders Received and Number of Units Sold

- The number of units ordered is currently on a recovery trend, boosted by expectations of a reduction in policy interest rates.
- The number of units sold increased by 24% year on year from October to December due to strong order performance, but remained largely unchanged for the full year.

Trends in number of units ordered for US single family homes / Changes in mortgage rates* (Units/%)

Trends in number of units sold for US single family homes

(Units)



^{*}Source: Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae) https://www.fanniemae.com/media/50096/display

Trends in Recurring Income to Net Sales

FY12/2023 Results

3Q

FY12/21

4Q

1Q

2Q

FY12/22

3Q

4Q

1Q

2Q

FY12/23

3Q

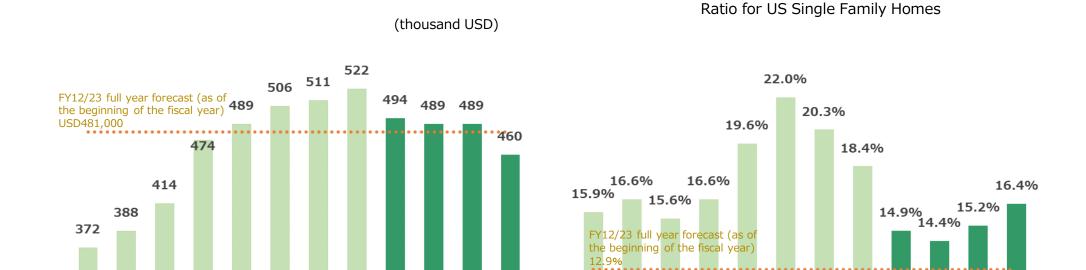
1Q

2Q

Trends in Unit Selling Price for US Single Family Homes*

8. US Single Family Homes Business – Trends in Unit Selling Price and Recurring Income to Net Sales Ratio

- Unit selling price fell from October to December due to the impact of mortgage rates reaching their peak in October.
- Recurring income to net sales ratio remained at a level above the forecast throughout the year.



40

10

20

3Q

FY12/21

40

10

2Q

FY12/22

30

40

10

20

FY12/23

3Q

40

^{*}The method of calculating unit selling price by quarter has changed from the second quarter of the current fiscal year, including for past years. We have changed from the previous method of calculation based on unit selling price on a yen basis, to a method of calculation based on net sales on a USD basis.

(Unit: projects)

FY12/2023 Results

9. US Real Estate Development Business

- 6 properties were sold, falling below the results from the previous fiscal year, which was partly due to the carrying over of some property sales to the next fiscal year.
- There are 86 projects for which construction work has already commenced, which will contribute to earnings from FY12/24 onwards.

■ Construction Works Commenced

| (Gine: þi | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | FY12 | 2/22 | FY12 | 2/23 | | | | | | |
| | Projects | Total units | Projects | Total units | | | | | | |
| Multi-family housing | 33 | 10,533 | 62 | 20,629 | | | | | | |
| Single family rental housing | 5 | 440 | 5 | 447 | | | | | | |
| Commercial and mixed use complexes | 16 | _ | 19 | - | | | | | | |
| Total | 54 | 10,973 | 86 | 21,076 | | | | | | |

■ Sales (Unit: projects)

| | FY12 | 2/22 | FY12 | 2/23 |
|------------------------------------|----------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| | Projects | Total units | Projects | Total units |
| Multi-family housing | 9 | 2,725 | 4 | 1,188 |
| Single family rental housing | 1 | 112 | 1 | 118 |
| Commercial and mixed use complexes | 2 | _ | 1 | - |
| Total | 12 | 2,837 | 6 | 1,306 |

10. Investments

- Compared to the approximately 300 billion yen investments and loans plan in the three-year Medium-Term Management Plan, the cumulative results from the beginning of FY12/22 to the end of FY12/23 were 178.7 billion yen. Main activities include the development of commercial real estate in the United States including the acquisition of JPI, the U.S. truss manufacturing company, acquisition of Southern Impression Homes, and investment in wooden office construction projects overseas.
- In 2024, we will promote decarbonization-related investments that will form the basis of our next Medium-Term Management Plan, including investing in wooden non-residential buildings in Europe and establishing a timber industrial complex, and acquiring forestry fund assets.

| | Brea | kdown | FY12/22 Results | FY12/23 Results | Total | Three-Year Med Term Managem Plan |
|--------------------------|---|---|--------------------|--------------------|-------|--|
| Major decarboniza | | strial complex investments | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 2 |
| tion-related | Overseas woode | en non-residential construction | 3.6 | 7.7 | 11.3 | 30 |
| investments | Forestry-1 | fund related investments | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 13 |
| | Timber and Building Materials | Manufacturing business investments, etc. | 3.9 | 3.7 | 7.6 | 3 |
| Investments and loans | Global Housing, Construction and Real Esstate | Overseas real estate, land development, etc. | 42.9 | 86.0 | 128.9 | 13 |
| other than the above, | Housing | Model homes, offices, etc. | 6.4 | 8.8 | 15.3 | 2. |
| by segment | Environment and Resources | Renewable energy, forestry, afforestation investments, etc. | 3.1 | 2.2 | 5.3 | 30 |
| | Other | System investments (DX promotion, etc.), etc. | 2.1 | 7.2 | 9.4 | 1 |
| | T | otal | 62.6 | 116.1 | 178.7 | 29 |

| Three-Year Medium- Term Management Plan | Progress |
|---|----------|
| 20.0 | 2% |
| 30.0 | 38% |
| 12.0 | 5% |
| 35.0 | 22% |
| 130.0 | 99% |
| 25.0 | 61% |
| 30.0 | 18% |
| 15.0 | 62% |
| 297.0 | 60% |

11. Balance Sheet

 In addition to increases in the yen conversion amounts in the balance sheet of overseas subsidiaries and accumulated other comprehensive income (currency translation adjustment account) due to continuing yen depreciation, total assets increased due to the consolidation of companies acquired in the previous fiscal year.

(billion yen)

| | | | | | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------|------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | End of December 2022 | End of December 2023 | Change | | | End of December 2022 | End of December 2023 | Change |
| Cash, deposits, securities | 131.9 | 157.2 | +25.3 | | Payables | 239.8 | 269.0 | +29.2 |
| Receivables | 212.4 | 209.4 | -3.0 | | Short-term debt(Bank loans) | 46.0 | 51.8 | +5.8 |
| Finished goods | 38.0 | 35.6 | -2.4 | | Contract liabilities | 80.1 | 86.9 | +6. |
| Real estate for sale | 106.4 | 127.9 | +21.5 | | Advances received from customers | 0.0 | 0.0 | +0.0 |
| Real estate for sale in process | 434.0 | 524.6 | +90.5 | | Other current liabilities | 128.3 | 180.3 | +52. |
| Construction projects in progress | 16.1 | 16.2 | +0.1 | | Long-term debt/bonds issued | 277.9 | 310.5 | +32. |
| Other receivables | 56.9 | 87.2 | +30.3 | | Liability for retirement benefits | 11.8 | 10.6 | -1. |
| Other current assets | 76.9 | 77.8 | +0.9 | | Other long-term liabilities | 71.2 | 80.4 | +9. |
| Total current assets | 1,072.8 | 1,236.0 | +163.3 | Li | abilities | 855.0 | 989.4 | +134. |
| Tangible fixed assets | 198.8 | 226.3 | +27.5 | | Sharehodlers' equity | 526.3 | 613.4 | +87. |
| Intangible fixed assets | 22.9 | 64.4 | +41.5 | | Accumulatd other comprehensive income | 101.2 | 141.0 | +39.8 |
| Invements and other assets | 243.2 | 286.1 | +42.9 | | Non-controlling interests | 55.0 | 68.9 | +13. |
| Total non-current assets | 464.8 | 576.7 | +111.9 | N | et assets | 682.6 | 823.3 | +140. |
| tal assets | 1,537.6 | 1,812.7 | +275.1 | Tota | l liabilities/net assets | 1,537.6 | 1,812.7 | +275. |

| FY12/22 | FY12/23 |
|---------|----------------------|
| 55.3 | 125.3 |
| -52.4 | -112.5 |
| 2.9 | 12.8 |
| -33.0 | 10.2 |
| | 55.3 -52.4 2.9 |

1. Statements of Income

 Both sales and profits are expected to increase, backed by the growth of the US single family homes business, increase in the number of properties sold in the US real estate development business, and the effects of the consolidation of companies acquired in the previous fiscal year.

(billion yen)

| (Consolidated) | FY12/23 | FY12/24 Forecast | Change | Pct. |
|------------------|---------|---------------------|--------|--------|
| Net Sales | 1,733.2 | 2,065.0 | +331.8 | +19.1% |
| Gross Profit | 408.8 | 466.0 | +57.2 | +14.0% |
| SG&A Expenses | 262.1 | 304.5 | +42.4 | +16.2% |
| Operating Income | 146.8 | 161.5 | +14.7 | +10.0% |
| Recurring Income | 159.4 | 173.0 | +13.6 | +8.5% |
| Net Income | 102.5 | 105.5 | +3.0 | +2.9% |

*Without actuarial differences

| SG&A Expenses | 267.1 | 304.5 | +37.4 | +14.0% |
|------------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Recurring Income | 154.4 | 173.0 | +18.6 | +12.0% |

Conversion rate

| | FY12/23 | Y12/24 |
|---------|---------|--------|
| USD/JPY | 140.57 | 140.00 |
| AUD/JPY | 93.27 | 92.00 |

^{*&}quot;Net income attributable to shareholders of parent" is expressed as "Net income."

2. Segment Sales and Recurring Income

- Timber and Building Materials: Profits are expected to increase due to optimization of inventory levels in the market and improvements in profitability of the manufacturing business.
- Housing: Although unit selling price is expected to rise, sales are expected to increase while profits fall due to a decline in the order backlog at the beginning of the fiscal year and rising material costs.
- Global Construction and Real Estate: Both sales and profits are expected to increase due to an increase in the number of units sold in the US single family homes business, and an increase in the number of properties sold in the US real estate business.
- Environment and Resources: Sales and profits are expected to increase on the back of an increase in sales volume in the overseas forestry business, as well as the stable operation of biomass power plants.

 (billion yen)

| | | Net S | Sales | | Recurring Income | | | | |
|--|---------|---------------------|--------|--------|------------------|---------------------|--------|---------|--|
| (Consolidated) | FY12/23 | FY12/24 Forecast | Change | Pct. | FY12/23 | FY12/24 Forecast | Change | Pct. | |
| Timber and Building Materials | 236.1 | 237.0 | +0.9 | +0.4% | 11.2 | 14.0 | +2.8 | +25.2% | |
| Housing | 534.0 | 540.0 | +6.0 | +1.1% | 32.8 | 31.5 | -1.3 | -3.9% | |
| Global Construction and Real Estate | 948.1 | 1,274.0 | +325.9 | +34.4% | 112.5 | 132.5 | +20.0 | +17.7% | |
| Environment and Resources | 24.8 | 27.0 | +2.2 | +8.7% | 0.6 | 1.5 | +0.9 | +165.8% | |
| Other | 26.0 | 28.0 | +2.0 | +7.5% | 2.2 | 2.4 | +0.2 | +9.5% | |
| Adjustment | -35.9 | -41.0 | -5.1 | - | 0.2 | -8.9 | -9.1 | - | |
| Total | 1,733.2 | 2,065.0 | +331.8 | +19.1% | 159.4 | 173.0 | +13.6 | +8.5% | |

3. Domestic Housing Business Orders Received and Sales

- With regard to orders for custom-built detached houses, we will boost efforts to purchase land and increase plans for standard products, in order to strengthen our focus on supporting customers looking for land, which makes up close to 50% of all orders.
- Sales is expected to fall both in terms of number of units and amount, due to the major impact of a decline in the order backlog at the beginning of the fiscal year.

| | | | Ordere | s received | | | Sa | les | |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------------------|------------|--------------------|---------|---------------------|--------|---------|
| | | FY12/23 | FY12/24 Forecast | Change | Pct. | FY12/23 | FY12/24 Forecast | Change | Pct. |
| SS | Custom-built detached houses *1 | 345.8 | 364.0 | + 18.2 | +5.3% | 373.5 | 367.0 | -6.5 | -1.8% |
| busines | (Units) | (7,318) | (7,800) | (+482) | (+6.6%) | (8,275) | (7,730) | (-545) | (-6.6%) |
| Contract business | (Unit price(mil. yen)) *2 | (42.5) | (42.5) | (+0.0) | (+0.1%) | (43.8) | (47.0) | (+3.2) | (+7.3%) |
| | Apartments | 16.8 | 19.0 | +2.2 | +13.0% | 15.6 | 16.7 | +1.1 | +7.0% |
| Other | Detached spec home | | | | | 19.7 | 23.2 | +3.5 | +17.7% |
| ਰ | Other *3 | | | | | 3.0 | 2.2 | -0.9 | -28.5% |
| | | | | | Net Sales Total | 411.8 | 409.0 | -2.8 | -0.7% |
| | | | | | Profit Ratio | 23.4% | 23.5% | +0.1pt | |
| | | | | | Gross Profit | 96.3 | 96.0 | -0.3 | -0.3% |

^{*1.} Custom-built detached houses sales amount includes land for custom-built housing and interior products, etc.

^{*2.} Unit price for orders received was calculated from orders received at the time of contract signing for units ordered in the current period. Orders received for additional construction were not included.

^{*3.} Other sales amount includes commission sales from insurance agency business, etc.

4. Construction and Real Estate Segment Sales and Recurring Income

- U.S.: The single family homes business is expected to see an increase in profits due to an increase in the number of units sold, despite a fall in recurring income ratio due to a fall in unit selling price associated with persistently high mortgage rates. Profit is expected to increase in the real estate development business due to an increase in the number of properties sold.
- Australia: Recurring income ratio is expected to improve due to the continuous price increases, the effect of shortened construction period resulting from streamlined production processes.

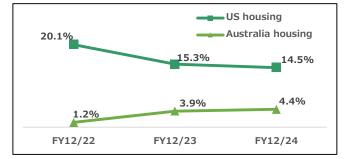
(billion yen)

| | | | Net S | Sales | | Recurring Income | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|---------------------|--------|---------|------------------|---------------------|--------|---------|
| | | FY12/23 | FY12/24 Forecast | Change | Pct. | FY12/23 | FY12/24 Forecast | Change | Pct. |
| U.S. | US housing companies | 691.3 | 787.0 | +95.7 | +13.8% | 105.9 | 114.0 | +8.1 | +7.7% |
| | US real estate companies | 59.2 | 256.0 | +196.8 | +332.2% | 2.0 | 12.5 | +10.5 | +522.9% |
| Australia | Australia housing companies | 141.5 | 149.0 | +7.5 | +5.3% | 5.5 | 6.5 | +1.0 | +17.2% |
| Other, housing and real estate | | 0.9 | 1.1 | +0.2 | +21.8% | 0.5 | -0.3 | -0.8 | -167.2% |
| Other, consolidated adjustments, etc. | | 55.2 | 80.9 | +25.7 | +46.7% | -1.4 | -0.2 | +1.2 | - |
| Total | | 948.1 | 1,274.0 | +325.9 | +34.4% | 112.5 | 132.5 | +20.0 | +17.7% |

■ Overseas housing companies: Changes in recurring income ratio

Conversion rate

| | FY12/23 | Y12/24 |
|---------|---------|--------|
| USD/JPY | 140.57 | 140.00 |
| AUD/JPY | 93.27 | 92.00 |



5. Global Single Family Homes Business and Construction Business

- U.S.: The number of units sold is expected to increase due to an increase in the number of housing starts, improvement in construction period, and the expansion of the spec home business in Florida.
- Australia: Despite a slight decrease in the number of units sold, sales is expected to increase due to improvement in unit price, backed by continuous price increases.

<U.S.>

(units, billion yen)

| | FY12/23 | FY12/24 Forecast | Change | Pct. |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------|--------|------|
| Orders received | 6.6 | 7.0 | +0.4 | +5.7 |
| Sales | 5.3 | 5.5 | +0.2 | +3.3 |
| | | | | |

<Construction business>

| | FY12/23 | FY12/24 Forecast | Change | Pct. |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------------------|--------|--------|
| Number of units sold | 10,221 | 11,785 | +1,564 | +15.3% |
| Sales (billion yen) | 691.3 | 787.0 | +95.7 | +13.8% |
| (million USD) | 4,918 | 5,621 | +704 | +14.3% |
| Unit selling price (million yen) | 67.6 | 66.8 | - 0.9 | -1.3% |
| (thousand USD) | 481 | 477 | -4 | -0.9% |

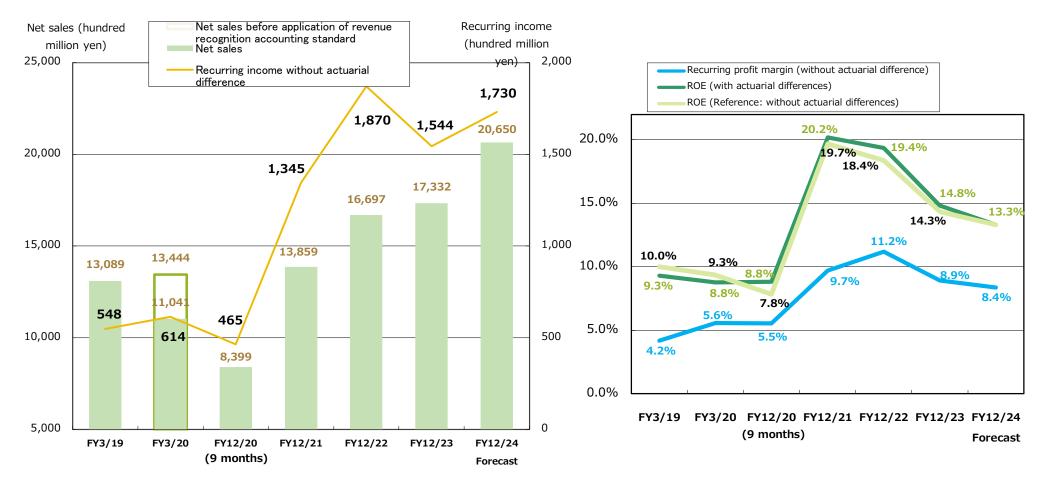
<Australia>

(units, billion yen)

| | FY12/23 | FY12/24 Forecast | Change | Pct. |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------------------|--------|-------|
| Number of units sold | 3,402 | 3,385 | -17 | -0.5% |
| Sales (billion yen) | 141.5 | 149.0 | +7.5 | +5.3% |
| (million AUD) | 1,517 | 1,620 | +103 | +6.8% |
| Unit selling price (million yen) | 41.6 | 44.0 | +2.4 | +5.9% |
| (thousand AUD) | 446 | 478 | +33 | +7.3% |

6. Changes in Profit and Loss, Recurring Income to Net Sales Ratio, and ROE

 While ROE is on a declining trend due to the impact of foreign currency translation adjustment account, we will work toward improving profitability through effective investment with an eye to the future, keeping in mind our target of achieving ROE of 15% or higher.



^{*} Recurring income excludes actuarial difference.

^{*} ROE (reference value) excluding actuarial difference is calculated using the effective statutory tax rate, and net assets for each period are not adjusted.

^{*} The sales for FY3/20 are both before and after the adoption of the Revenue Recognition Standard.

(Reference) Progress of Main Medium-Term Management Plan Indicators

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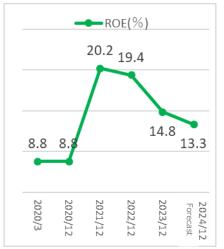
Consolidated results

| (billion yen) | Medium-term Management Plan | 12/24 Forecast | Compared to the Plan |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Net sales | 1,770.0 | 2065.0 | +16.7% |
| Recurring income | 173.0 | 173.0 | - |
| Net income | 116.0 | 105.5 | -9.1% |

Recurring income by segment

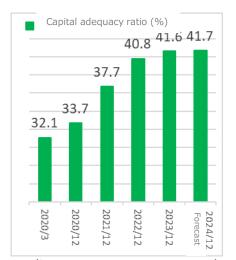
| (billion yen) | Medium-term Management Plan | 12/24 Forecast | Compared to the Plan |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Timber and Building Materials | 11.5 | 14.0 | +21.7% |
| Housing | 32.0 | 31.5 | -1.6% |
| Construction and Real Estate | 129.0 | 132.5 | +2.7% |
| Environment and Resources | 4.0 | 1.5 | -62.5% |
| Others | 5.0 | 2.4 | -52.0% |
| Adjustment | -8.5 | -8.9 | - |

■ ROE



Medium-Term Management Plan: 15% or more in a stable manner

■ Capital adequacy ratio



Medium-Term Management Plan: 40% or more

■ US single family housing business

| | Medium-term Management Plan | 12/24 Forecast | Compared to the Plan |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Recurring income (billion yen) | 107.5 | 114.0 | +6.5 |
| Recurring income ratio (%) | 13.5 | 14.5 | +1.0pt |
| No. of units sold (units) | 16,000 | 11,785 | -4,215 |

Total value for five US housing subsidiaries

The Medium-Term Management Plan values for recurring income by segment are the forecast values based on the segment classification at the time the plan was prepared. The assumed conversion rate (1USD) for FY12/24 was 115 yen at the time the Medium-Term Management Plan was prepared, and 140 yen in the FY12/24 forecast.



Thank you for listening.

- The forecast figures in this presentation are based on projections deemed logical at the time when it was prepared. Actual performance may differ materially from these projections.
- This document does not constitute a solicitation to invest or purchase any financial instruments.